

## Assignment 3: Computing Eigenvalues/Eigenvectors

1. This exercise asks you to write a program based on Jacobi transformations (Givens rotations) to compute eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of real symmetric matrices.

(a) Prove or realize that all eigenvalues of a real symmetric matrix are real.

(b) Write a C/C++, Java, or Matlab program to compute eigenvalues/eigenvectors with the precision up to  $10^{-4}$  and test the following matrices  $T$  and  $B$ .

(c) Verify your results using Matlab.

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 & 0.6 & 0.36 & 0.216 & 0.1296 \\ 0.6 & 1.0 & 0.6 & 0.36 & 0.216 \\ 0.36 & 0.6 & 1.0 & 0.6 & 0.36 \\ 0.216 & 0.36 & 0.6 & 1.0 & 0.6 \\ 0.1296 & 0.216 & 0.36 & 0.6 & 1.0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 4 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 4 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

2. Implement the following simple version of  $QR$  iteration with shift for computing the eigenvalues of a general real matrix  $A = [a_{ij}]$ .

*Repeat*

(a)  $\sigma = a_{nn}$

(b) Compute  $QR$  factorization  $A - \sigma I = QR$

(c)  $A \leftarrow RQ + \sigma I$

*Until Convergence*

**Q1.** What convergence test should you use?

**Q2.** Test your program on the matrices  $T$  and  $B$  in Problem 1.

**Q3.** Test your program on the following matrices  $A$ ,  $C$ , and  $X$ .

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 11 & -12 & 8 & -4 \\ 25 & -25 & 16 & -8 \\ 7 & -6 & 2 & 0 \\ -9 & 9 & -8 & 6 \end{bmatrix}, \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -3 & 2 & -1 \\ 12 & -12 & 10 & -5 \\ 15 & -15 & 14 & -7 \\ 6 & -6 & 6 & -3 \end{bmatrix}, \quad X = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}.$$